# Martensitic Stainless Steel 15-5PH 



Metal Alloys
for Additive
Manufacturing

## ALTERNATIVE NAMES:

ASTM A564

| Properties | Unit | As built ${ }^{1)}$ | Heat-treated ${ }^{2)}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tensile Strength $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{m}}$ | MPa | $1220 \pm 30$ | $1450 \pm 30$ |
| Yield Strength $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{p} 0,2}$ | MPa | $850 \pm 20$ | $1280 \pm 30$ |
| Elongation at Break $\mathrm{A}_{5}$ | $\%$ | $16 \pm 2$ | $13 \pm 2$ |
| Young's Modulus E | GPa | $180 \pm 5$ | $200 \pm 10$ |
| Hardness | HV | $370 \pm 5$ | $460 \pm 5$ |

Rosswag Engineering offers a holistic and fully integrated process chain for Additive Manufacturing services. Our portfolio ranges from manufacturing of your prototypes, tools and small serial products to an individual consulting and engineering process for the choice of material, parameters and process chain.


## Material

characteristics 15-5PH is a stainless, martensitic, and hardenable Cr-Ni-Cu Steel with high strength and ductility as well as good weldability and forgeability. Typical fields of application are in medical, automotive, and aerospace areas. Through solution annealing and subsequent ageing, an increase in strength occurs. $15-5 \mathrm{PH}$ is applicable in a temperature range from $-200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

CHEMICAL COMPOSITION

| Element | Mass Fraction [\%] |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ni | $3,5-5,5$ |
| Cr | $14,5-15,5$ |
| Cu | $2,5-4,5$ |
| $\mathrm{Nb}+\mathrm{Ta}$ | $0,15-0,45$ |
| Mn | 1,0 |
| Si | 1,0 |
| C | 0,07 |
| P | $\leq 0,04$ |
| S | $\leq 0,03$ |
| Fe | Balance |

1) The specified material properties were determined at room temperature. They are multi-dimensionally dependent on many different machine and process parameters. Without further investigation, the material properties do not constitute a sufficient basis for component dimensioning.
2) Specific heat treatment processes lead to optimized mechanical-technological properties to meet the component requirements.
